



NC-930
16 Channel PC/104 DIO Module

Reference Manual

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Introduction

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1.1 General Description

The NC-930 opto-isolated input PC/104 module is designed for monitoring digital input status. It provides 16 channels of input to detect ON/OFF, OPEN/CLOSE signals and has interrupt capability on its first channel. The input range is from 5V to 24V which is suitable for many applications. Also, the isolation voltage is up to 1KVrms from the input end to the host. This feature allows voltage spikes that often occur in harsh industrial environments to be safely isolated from the computer.

1.2 Features

- 16 channels opto-isolated input
- Isolation up to 1KVrms
- Filter circuit included
- Wide input range

1.3 Applications

- Industrial ON/OFF monitoring
- Limit switch monitoring
- Valve/Solenoid monitoring



1.4

Specifications**Input**

Opto-isolator	PC 814 or equivalent
Number of Channels	16
Voltage Range	$\pm 5V - \pm 24V$ (logic 1 output)
Current Limit Resistor	1.2K Ω , 0.5W
Max Current	$\pm 50mA$
Connector	50-pin mating connector

Power Requirements

+5VDC	400mA
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Physical/Environmental

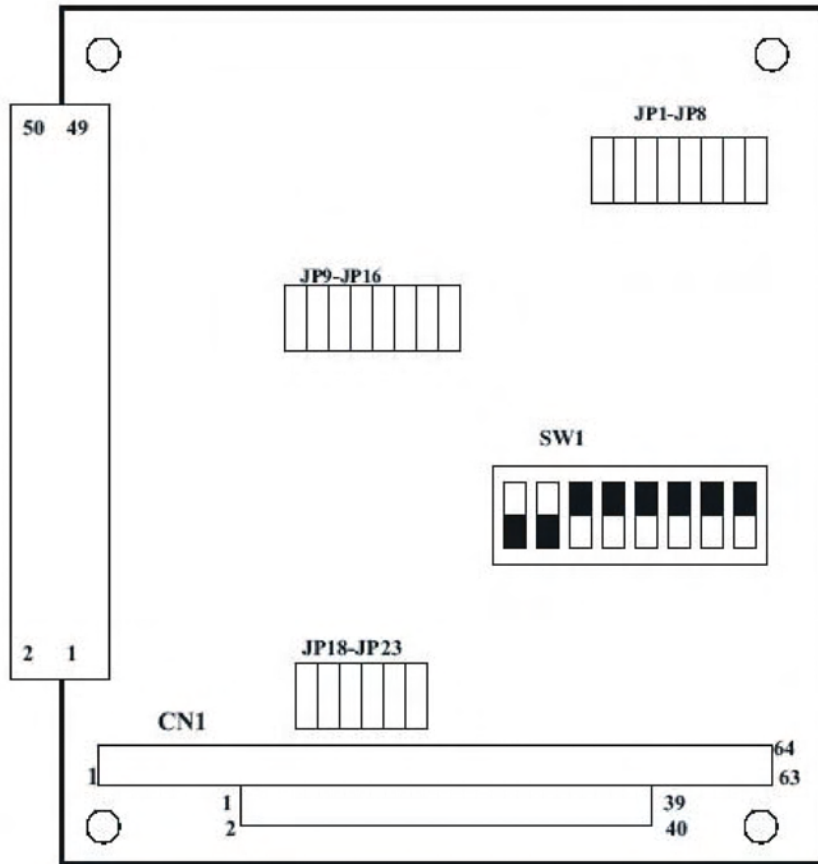
Dimensions	95mm X 90mm
Weight	80g
Operating Temperature	0°C to 50°C
Storage Temperature	-25°C to 85°C
Relative Humidity	0% to 90%, non-condensing



Module Configuration and Installation

2.1 Location Diagram

Refer to the following location diagram for help in locating components needed during installation of the NC-930 module.

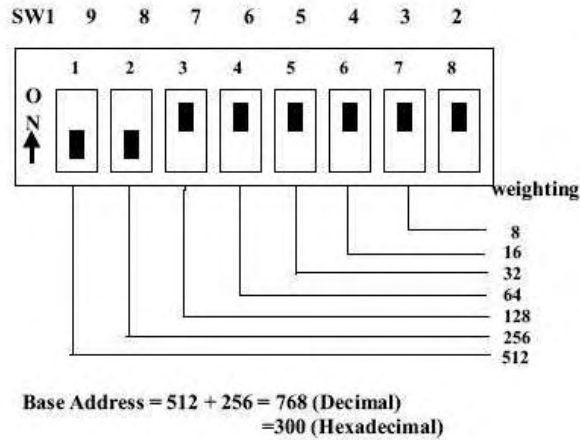




2.2 DIP Switch Setting

NC-930 occupies four consecutive I/O port spaces. The I/O port addresses are set via a DIP switch labeled SW1. Set the DIP switch to the correct address to avoid device conflicts. Valid addresses range from 200 Hex to 3F8 Hex. The following figure is the default setting, 300 Hz.

BASE ADDRESS SWITCH SETTING



I/O Port Range	DIP Switch Position							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Hexadecimal	A9	A8	A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2
200 - 203	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
204 - 207	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
208 - 20B	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
20C - 20F	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
220 - 223	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
*300 - 303	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3F8 - 3FB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
3FC - 3FF	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

0 = ON, 1 = OFF

* = FACTORY DEFAULT SETTING



2.3 Jumper Setting

JP1 - JP8 : These are filter control jumpers used to enable or disable channel 0 through channel 7 filters. If jumper cap is installed, the filter is turned on when the 3-dB frequency is at about 50 Hz.

Channel	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Corresponding Jumper	JP1	JP2	JP3	JP4	JP5	JP6	JP7	JP8

JP9 - JP16 : These are filter control jumpers used to enable or disable channel 8 through 15 filters. If jumper cap is installed, the filter is turned on when the 3-dB frequency is at about 50 Hz.

Channel	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Corresponding Jumper	JP9	JP10	JP11	JP12	JP13	JP14	JP15	JP16

JP18 - JP23 : These are interrupt request output selection jumpers. The following table shows jumper cap position versus IRQ channel relationship. Note that only channel 0 has interrupt capability.

JP18 - JP23 Jumper Cap Position	Description
	IRQ2 Selected
	IRQ3 Selected
	IRQ4 Selected
	IRQ5 Selected
	IRQ6 Selected
	IRQ7 Selected



2.4 Connector Pin Assignment

JP1

NAME	PIN	PIN	NAME
DIO	1	2	DI8
-DIO	3	4	-DI8
GND	5	6	GND
DI1	7	8	DI9
-DI1	9	10	-DI9
GND	11	12	GND
DI2	13	14	DI10
-DI2	15	16	-DI10
GND	17	18	GND
DI3	19	20	DI11
-DI3	21	22	-DI11
GND	23	24	GND
DI4	25	26	DI12
-DI4	27	28	-DI12
GND	29	30	GND
DI5	31	32	DI13
-DI5	33	34	-DI13
GND	35	36	GND
DI6	37	38	DI14
-DI6	39	40	-DI14
GND	41	42	GND
DI7	43	44	DI15
-DI7	45	46	-DI15
+12V	47	48	+12V
+12V	49	50	+12V



PIN	SIGNAL NAME	DESCRIPTION
1, 7, 13, 19, 25, 31, 37, 43	DIO to DI7	The lower eight positive digital input channels. These pins are labeled as positive.
3, 9, 15, 21, 27, 33, 39, 45	-DIO to -DI7	The lower eight negative digital input channels. These pins are labeled as negative.
2, 8, 14, 20, 26, 32, 38, 44	DI8 to DI15	The upper eight positive digital input channels. These pins are labeled as positive.
4, 10, 16, 22, 28, 34, 40, 46	-DI8 to -DI15	The upper eight negative digital input channels. These pins are labeled as negative.
47, 48, 49, 50	+12V	+12V PC bus power
5, 6, 11, 12, 17, 18, 23, 24, 29, 30, 35, 36, 41, 42	GND	PC ground

NOTE: Exercise caution when using the +12V power as it is direct from the PC bus. It is suggested that an external power source be used for data safety reasons.



2.5 Module Installation

The NC-930 PC/104 module is shipped with an electrostatically protective cover. When unpacking, touch the electrostatically shielded packaging to a metal surface to discharge any accumulated static electricity prior to touching the module.

The following description summarizes the procedure for installing the NC-930.

WARNING

TURN OFF the PC and all accessories connected to the PC whenever installing or removing any peripheral board including the NC-930 module.

Installation procedures:

1. Turn off the system power.
2. Unplug all power cords.
3. Remove the case cover if necessary.
4. Remove the top module if it is a non-stackthrough module.
5. Put the NC-930 module in line with top present module as described in PC/104 Mechanical Specification.
6. Install four spacers if necessary.
7. Connect cable if necessary.
8. Press the modules together until the inside distance is SPACER'S height (0.6"). Restore all the screws.
9. Repeat steps 6-8 until all modules are set into position.
10. Connect cable to NC-930 if necessary.
11. Replace the case cover and reconnect all necessary cables.
12. Turn on the system power.



2.6 Register Description

I/O Map

The NC-930 occupies 4 consecutive addresses in I/O address space, but only two of the I/O addresses are actually used. The 16 individually opto-isolated inputs are read as two bytes of data.

The following tables show the two 8-bit digital input registers:

Base Address +0

Bit Number	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Digital Input	D17	D16	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10

This is a read-only register for the lower digital input byte data. The write action will not have any effect.

Base Address +1

Bit Number	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Digital Input	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8

This is a read-only register for the higher digital input byte data. The write action will not have any effect.



2.7 Programming

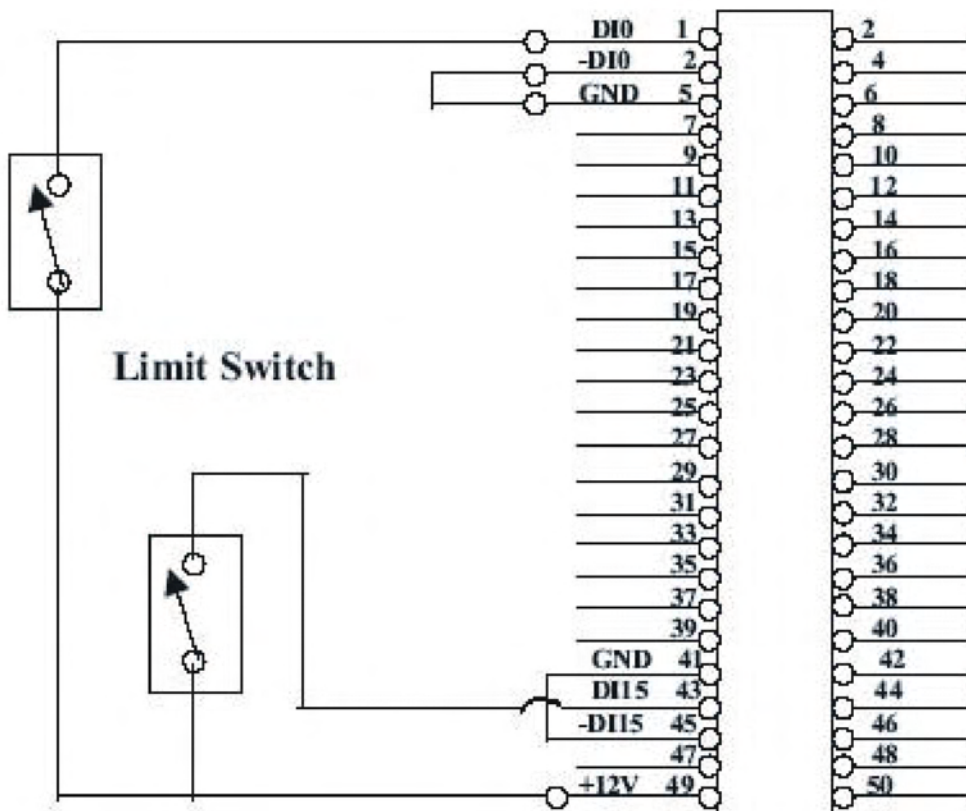
Programming the NC-930 is very simple. It can be easily accomplished using direct I/O instructions from various application languages. In this section an example in BASIC is given.

Assuming the base address is 300Hex, the programming is as follows:

```
BASE = &300
X1% = INP (BASE)
IF X1%&1 THEN PRINT "Channel 0 is ON" ELSE PRINT "Channel 0 is OFF"

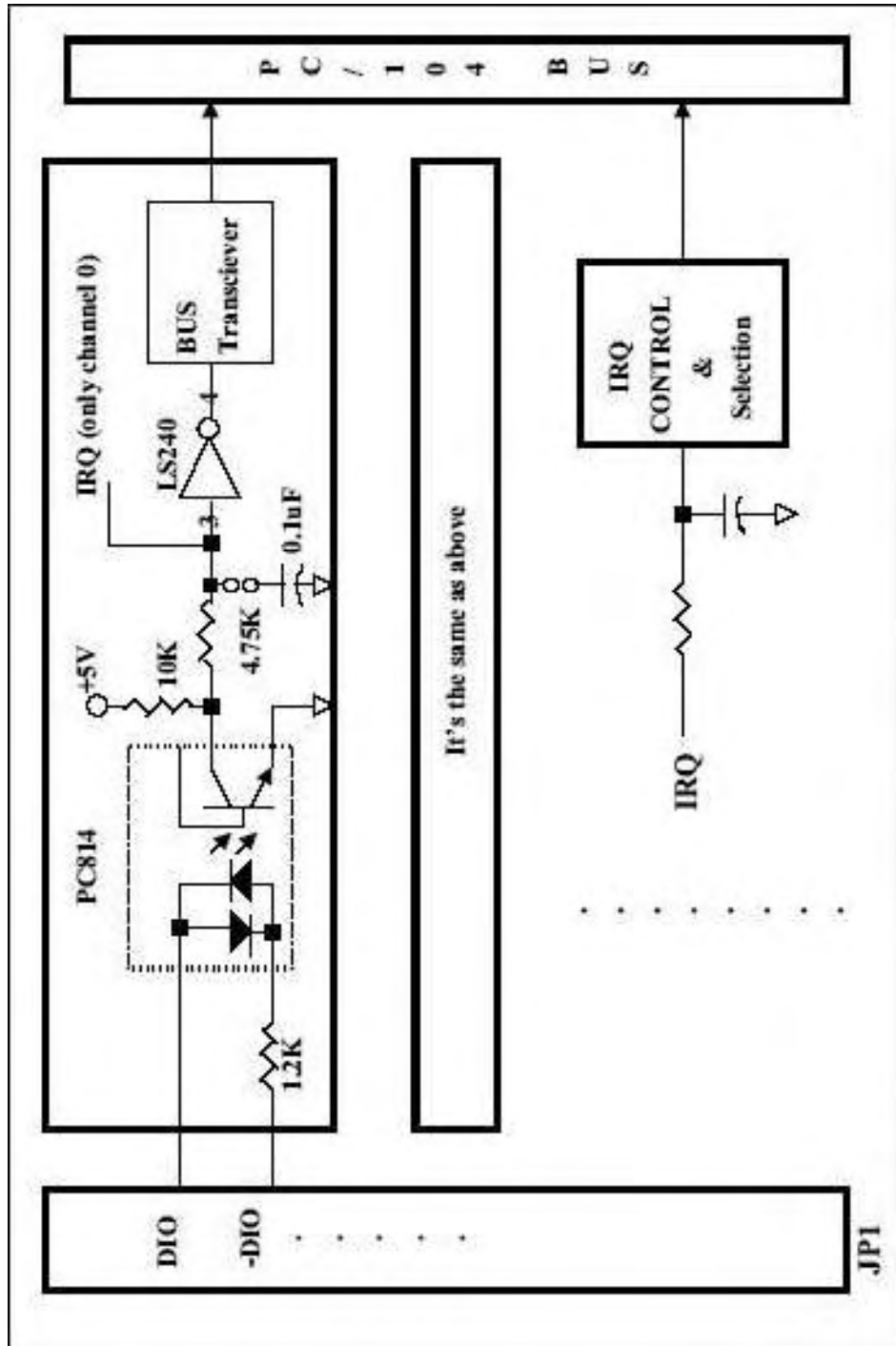
X2% = INP (BASE + 1)
IF X2%&1 THEN PRINT "Channel 8 is on" ELSE PRINT "Channel 8 is OFF"
```

WIRING: This is the simplest way to detect whether a switch is open or closed.





2.8 Block Diagram





Appendix A: PC I/O Port Mapping

I/O Port Address Range	Function
000 - 1FF	PC reserved
200 - 20F	Game controller (joystick)
278 - 27F	Second parallel printer port (LPT 2)
2E1	GPIB controller
2F8 - 2FF	Second serial port (COM 2)
320 - 32F	Fixed disk (XT)
378 - 37F	Primary parallel printer port (LPT 1)
380 - 38F	SDLC communication port
3B0 - 3BF	Monochrome adapter/printer
3C0 - 3CF	EGA, reserved
3D0 - 3DF	Color/graphics adapter
3F0 - 3F7	Floppy disk controller
3F8 - 3FF	Primary Serial port (COM 1)



Appendix B: Summary of Interrupt Levels

Interrupt level	Usage
NM1	Parity, AT Channel Check
IRQ0	Interval Timer 1, Counter 0 OUT
IRQ1	Keyboard Controller
IRQ2	Reserved (XT) Cascade Interrupts from IRQ8 to IRQ15 (AT)
IRQ3	Serial Port #2
IRQ4	Serial Port #1
IRQ5	Hard Disk (XT) Parallel Port #2 (AT)
IRQ6	Floppy Disk
IRQ7	Parallel Port #1
IRQ8	Real Time Clock (AT)
IRQ9	Redirected to IRQ2 (AT)
IRQ10	Unassigned
IRQ11	Unassigned
IRQ12	Unassigned
IRQ13	Coprocessor Error
IRQ14	Hard Disk
IRQ15	Unassigned



Appendix C: PC/104 Mechanical Specifications

PC/104 General Description

While the PC and PC/AT architectures have become extremely popular in both general purpose (desktop) and dedicated (non-desktop) applications, their use in embedded microcomputer applications have been limited due to the large sizes of standard PC and PC/AT motherboards and expansion cards. PC/104 modules can be of two bus types, 8 bit and 16 bit, which correspond to the PC and PC/AT busses respectively.

Besides bus options, there are stackthrough and non-stackthrough differences. The stackthrough version provides a self-stacking PC bus. It can be placed anywhere in a multi-module stack. The non-stackthrough version offers minimum thickness by omitting bus stackthrough pins. It must be positioned at one end of a stack.

For convenience, the NC-930 is equipped as a stackthrough version only.